

ENERGY - EFFICIENT DATA CENTRES

Factsheet

2,724 TWh

2024 EU TOTAL ELECTRICITY DEMAND
including industry, transportation, households, etc

3%

CONSUMED BY DATA CENTRES
projected to further increase driven by AI and cloud computing

EU GREEN DEAL

With the 'Green Deal', the EU is committed to **achieve climate neutrality by 2050**.

The increasing electricity demand of data centres makes **sustainable digital infrastructures** a strategic EU priority.

Sustainability goes beyond energy efficiency: energy origin, water usage and energy reuse must also be considered and carefully balanced.

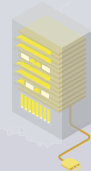
HOW ARE THE ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND SUSTAINABILITY OF DATA CENTRES MEASURED?

PUE

POWER USAGE EFFECTIVENESS

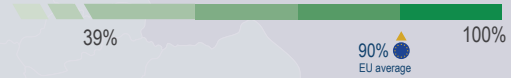


- Measures the **ratio of infrastructure total energy consumption to its IT energy consumption** (lower is better)
- Most widely used energy efficiency KPI for data centres



REF

RENEWABLE ENERGY FACTOR



- Measures the **share of renewable energy used** (higher is better)
- High REF implies a cleaner power mix regardless of its usage effectiveness



WUE

WATER USAGE EFFECTIVENESS



- Measures **cooling-related water use** m³/MWh (lower is better)
- Liquid-based cooling can improve a data centre's PUE, and also its water consumption (especially in cold-loop cooling systems)

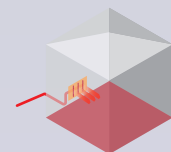


ERF

ENERGY REUSE FACTOR



- Measures **waste heat (energy) reuse** (higher is better)
- Most data centres still score near zero



1 TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION

New technological advancements are expected to deliver significant gains in energy efficiency in the upcoming years:

- **AI** enables real-time energy usage monitoring and optimisation
- The use of **HVDC (High-Voltage Direct Current)** reduces conversion losses by eliminating the need for AC-to-DC (alternate-to-direct current) conversion
- New **lithium-iron phosphate (LFP) batteries** used in UPS (uninterruptible power supply) systems offer longer lifespan and lower maintenance needs than currently employed lead-acid ones
- **Fuel cells** provide a lower-carbon alternative to conventional diesel generators, serving both as backup and even primary power source

2 SUSTAINABLE CULTURE

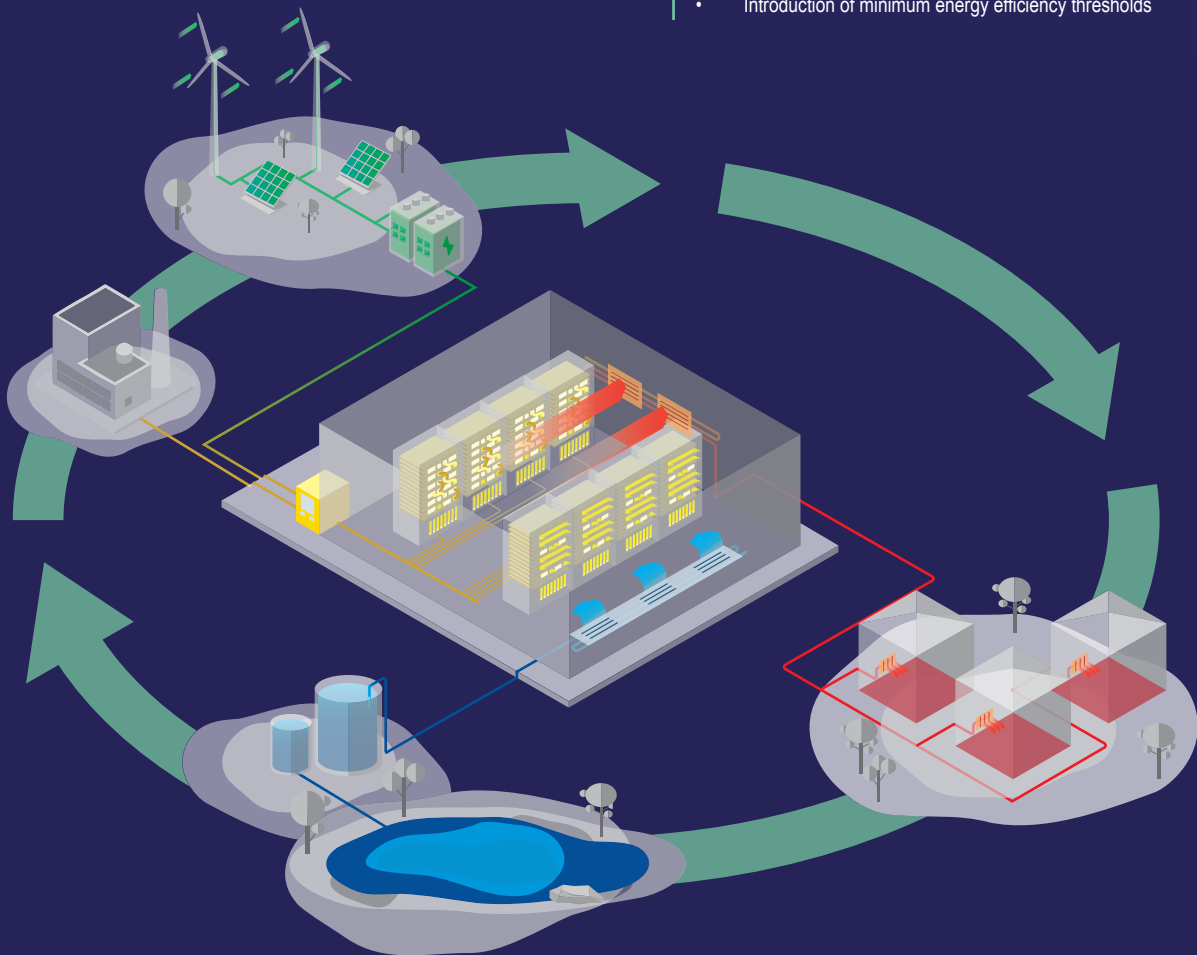
Isolated optimisations, such as improving server efficiency or cooling systems alone, are insufficient. **Technologies can only maximise their potential when integrated into coherent operational strategies and governance frameworks**

Achieving meaningful improvements in energy efficiency requires a **strategic and cultural shift from component-level optimisation to lifecycle-oriented and data-driven management models**

3 REGULATION

EU policies (e.g. Green Deal, Energy Efficiency Directive) accelerate the **transition from voluntary best practices to mandatory reporting of sustainability performance**, leading to:

- Better, more consistent benchmarking
- Increased transparency
- Introduction of performance rating schemes
- Introduction of minimum energy efficiency thresholds



To the full report:

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