

Q4

EES

2025

QUARTERLY REPORT

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Contents

Contents	3
1. Executive summary	4
2. Introduction	5
2.1. Reported statistics	5
2.2. Limitations during the progressive roll-out.....	5
2.3. General notes	6
3. Refusals of entry of third-country nationals	7
4. Revoked authorisations for stay	10
5. Extended authorisations for stay	12
6. Third-country nationals exempt from giving fingerprints	13
7. ANNEX	14

1. Executive summary



8 180
Refusals of entry

283
Revoked authorisations
for stay

479
Extended authorisations
for stay

492 345
Exemptions from
providing fingerprints

2. Introduction

The Entry/Exit System (EES) is one of the EU's large-scale IT systems in the area of freedom, security and justice. The EES digitally records the entry, exit and refusal of entry of third-country nationals ⁽¹⁾ travelling to and from the Schengen area. The **EES went live on 12 October 2025**. EU countries ⁽²⁾ using the EES could choose to introduce the system gradually at their external borders during a progressive roll-out period as defined in Regulation (EU) 2025/1534 ⁽³⁾. This progressive roll-out period lasted until 9 April 2026; **the EES is deployed in full as of 10 April 2026**.

2.1. Reported statistics

As per Article 63(4) of the EES Regulation ⁽⁴⁾, the European Union Agency for the Operational Management of Large-Scale IT Systems in the Area of Freedom, Security and Justice (eu-LISA) will publish the following quarterly statistics.

- The number, nationality, age, sex, duration of stay and border crossing point of entry of overstayers. **'Overstayer'** means a third-country national who does not fulfil or no longer fulfils the conditions relating to the duration of their authorised short stay on the territory of the Member States ⁽⁵⁾.
- The number, nationality, age, sex and border crossing point of entry of third-country nationals who were **refused entry**, including the grounds for refusal.
- The number, nationality, age, sex, duration of stay and border crossing point of entry of third-country nationals whose authorisation for stay was **revoked or extended**. The competent authority may revoke or annul an authorisation for short stay or a visa or extend the duration of an authorised stay or visa ⁽⁶⁾.
- The number of third-country nationals **exempt** from the requirement **to give fingerprints**. While the data entered in the EES includes fingerprints of visa-exempt third-country nationals, children under the age of 12 and persons for whom fingerprinting is physically impossible are exempt from this requirement ⁽⁷⁾.

As the EES went live on 12 October 2025, this report covers the period from **12 October 2025 to 31 December 2025**.

2.2. Limitations during the progressive roll-out



It is important to note that the **progressive roll-out period has significant limitations with regard to the statistics**. As the EES is not yet operated at all border crossing points, the current report does not reflect the data of all entries, refusals of entry to and exits from the Schengen area; **only data from the border crossing points that have operated and used the EES** during the reporting period is shown. This influences the total numbers in all the data categories. Due to this limitation, the current report also does not include a breakdown of data by border crossing points.

⁽¹⁾ A traveller not holding the nationality of any EU Member State, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway or Switzerland.

⁽²⁾ 29 European countries are using the EES; see the full list here: <https://travel-europe.europa.eu/ees/what-is-the-ees##>. Hereafter, the countries using the system are referred to as Member States according to the EES regulation [https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX %3A02017R2226-20181009](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A02017R2226-20181009).

⁽³⁾ Regulation (EU) 2025/1534 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 July 2025 on temporary derogations from certain provisions of Regulations (EU) 2017/2226 and (EU) 2016/399 as regards the progressive start of operations of the Entry/Exit System (OJ L, 2025/1534, 23.7.2025, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2025/1534/oj>).

⁽⁴⁾ Regulation (EU) 2017/2226 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 30 November 2017 establishing an Entry/Exit System (EES) to register entry and exit data and refusal of entry data of third-country nationals crossing the external borders of the Member States and determining the conditions for access to the EES for law enforcement purposes, and amending the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement and Regulations (EC) No 767/2008 and (EU) No 1077/2011 (OJ L 327, 9.12.2017, pp. 20–82, ELI : <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2017/2226/oj>).

⁽⁵⁾ Article 3(19) of the EES Regulation

⁽⁶⁾ Article 19 of the EES Regulation

⁽⁷⁾ Article 17(3) and 17(4) of the EES Regulation

Furthermore, since not all entries and exits are registered in the system, the automated calculator for the duration of stay of third-country nationals does not contain reliable information and shall be ignored in accordance with Regulation 2017/2226. Given these limitations, no data on duration of stay or overstayers shall be provided for this reporting period.

It should also be taken into account that Member States could choose to operate the EES without biometric functionalities during the first 60 days, thus the number of reported exemptions for giving fingerprints is also expected to be lower than after the full roll-out.

The effect of the progressive roll-out on each statistical category is shown in the table:

Category	Data reported for Q4 2025	Data reported after full launch on 10 April
Overstayers	No data reported.	Number, nationality, age, sex, duration of stay and border crossing point of entry.
Refused entries	Number, nationality, age, sex, grounds for refusal of those third-country nationals registered in the EES.	Number, nationality, age, sex, border crossing point of entry, grounds for refusal.
Authorisation for stay is revoked	Number, nationality, age, sex of those third-country nationals registered in the EES.	Number, nationality, age, sex, duration of stay and border crossing point of entry.
Authorisation for stay is extended	Number, nationality, age, sex of those third-country nationals registered in the EES.	Number, nationality, age, sex, duration of stay and border crossing point of entry.
Exemptions from giving fingerprints	Number of those third-country nationals registered in the EES (considering that biometrics were not mandatory).	Total number.

2.3. General notes

The following clarifications and limitations are valid for all the data provided in the report:

- Only the first nationality (in case of more than one nationality) of a third-country national is taken into account for the statistics.
- For country of nationality, the short name of country is used, where available, following the EU Institutional Guide⁽⁸⁾ and Eurostat guidelines⁽⁹⁾. Full names of countries can be found in the EU Institutional Guide.
- 'Age' refers to the age at the time of the border crossing.
- The sum of the breakdown per category may not always match the total figure, as in some cases several categories may apply (for example, several reasons for refusal for one individual) or a number may be too small to be shown in the graph.

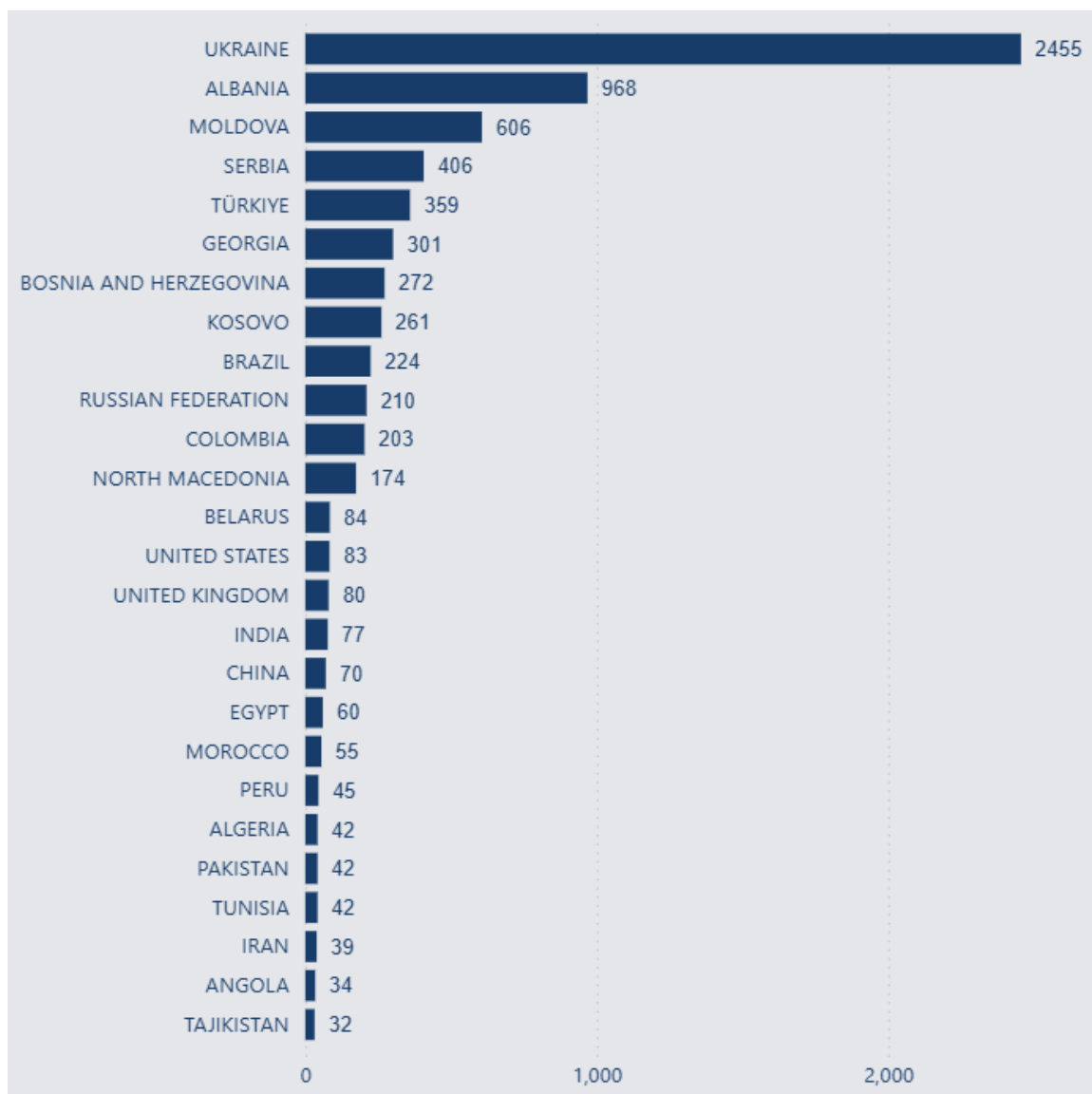
⁽⁸⁾ Annex A5 – List of countries, territories and currencies - Interinstitutional Style Guide - Publications Office of the EU

⁽⁹⁾ Tutorial: Country codes and protocol order - Statistics Explained - Eurostat

3. Refusals of entry of third-country nationals

In total, **8 180 refusals of entry of third-country nationals** were recorded in the EES. Figures below show a breakdown by nationality, gender and age of the third-country nationals and by grounds of refusal. A full list by nationality in alphabetical order is provided in annex.

Figure 1: Refusals of entry by nationality ⁽¹⁰⁾



⁽¹⁰⁾ The Kosovo designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244/1999 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence.

Figure 2: Refusals of entry by sex and age

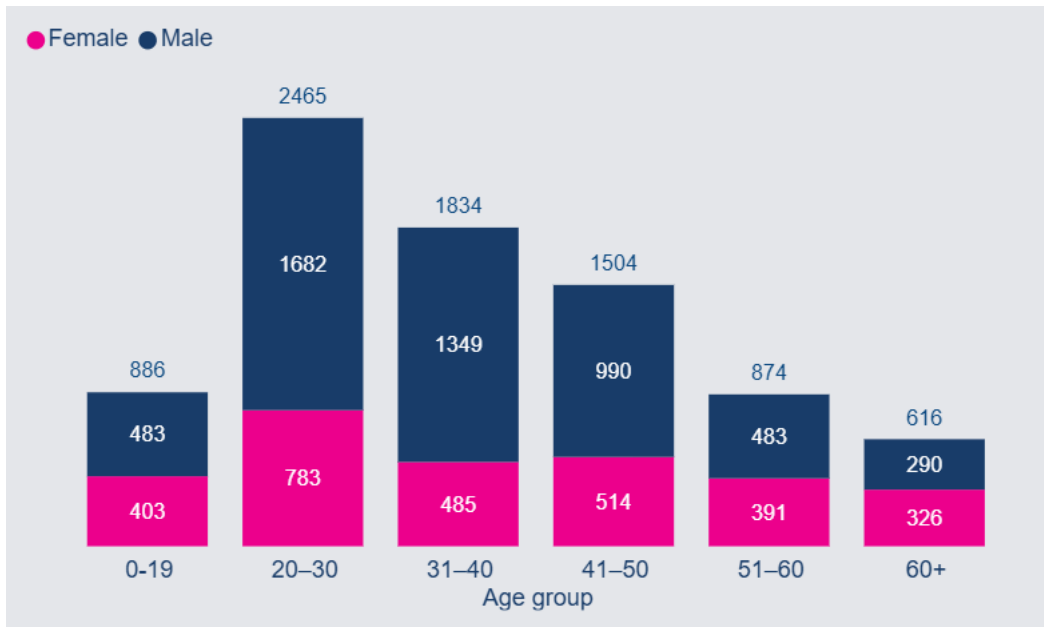
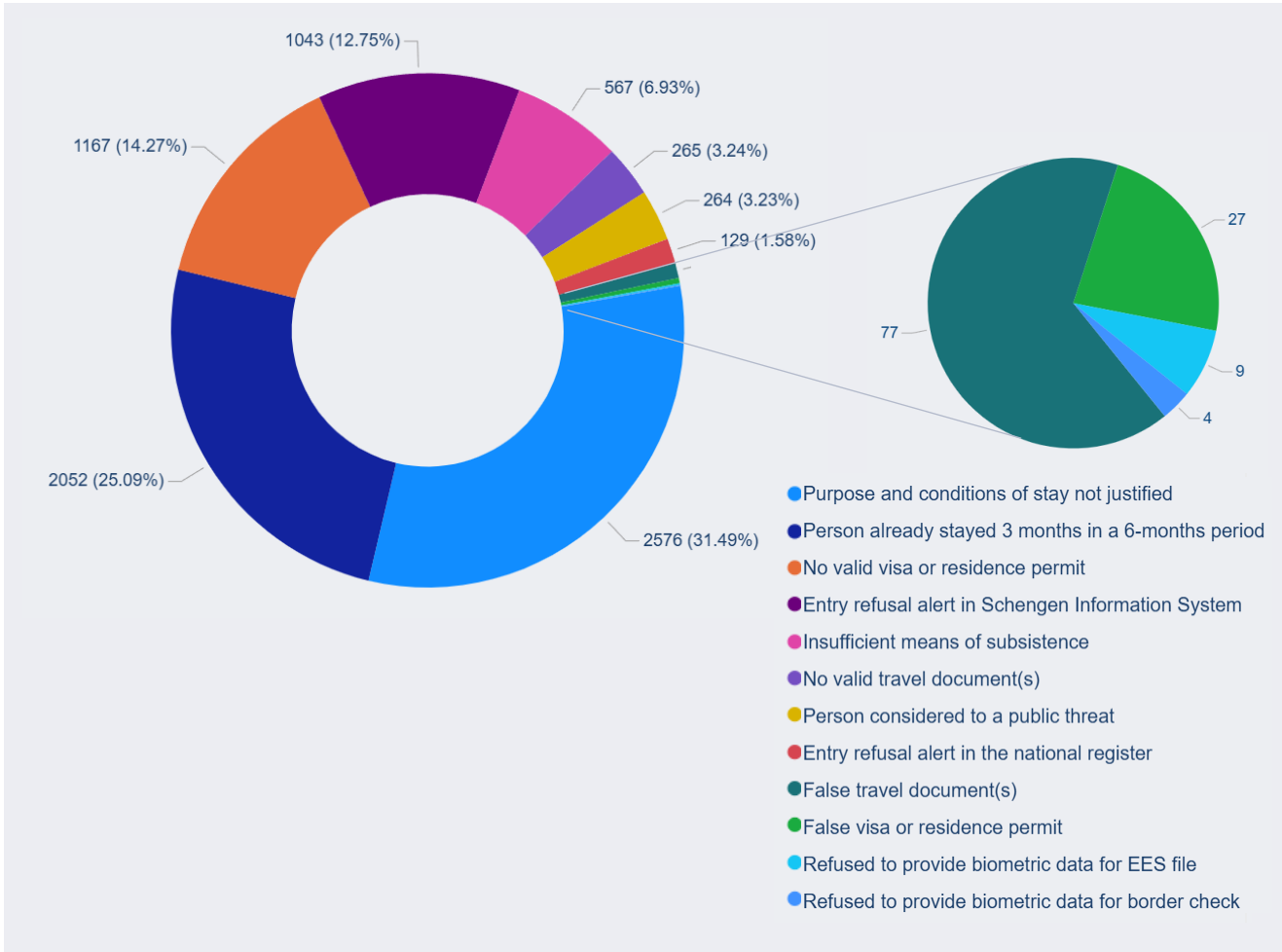


Figure 3: Number of refusals of entry by grounds of refusal

Grounds for refusal of entry as stated in Annex V, Part B, to Regulation 2016/399 ⁽¹¹⁾ (the Schengen Borders Code). Descriptions of the grounds for refusal have been shortened for the purposes of visualisation.

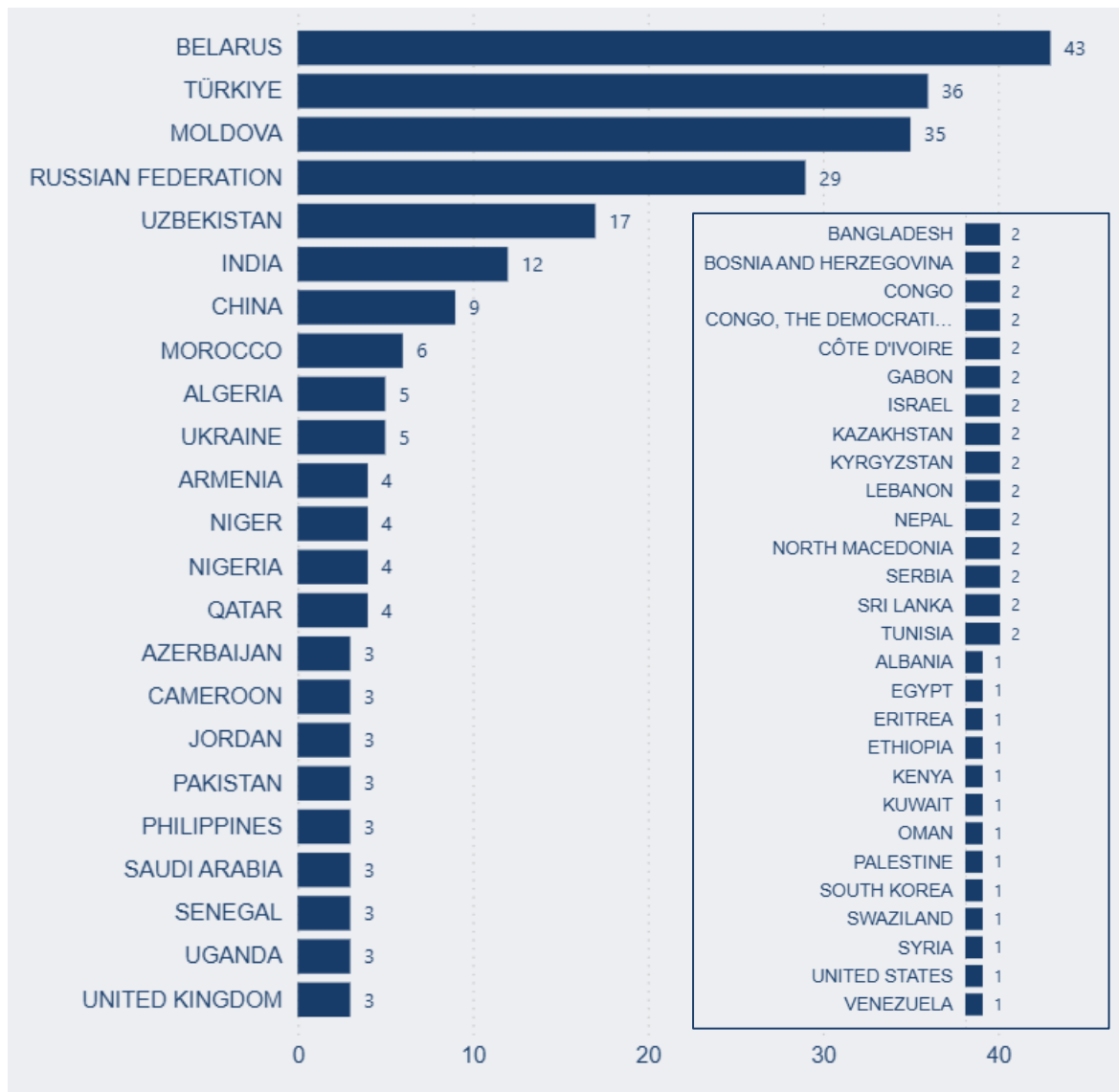


⁽¹¹⁾ Regulation (EU) 2016/399 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2016 on a Union Code on the rules governing the movement of persons across borders (Schengen Borders Code) (OJ L 77, 23.3.2016, pp. 1–52, ELI: <http://data.europa.eu/eli/reg/2016/399/oj>).

4. Revoked authorisations for stay

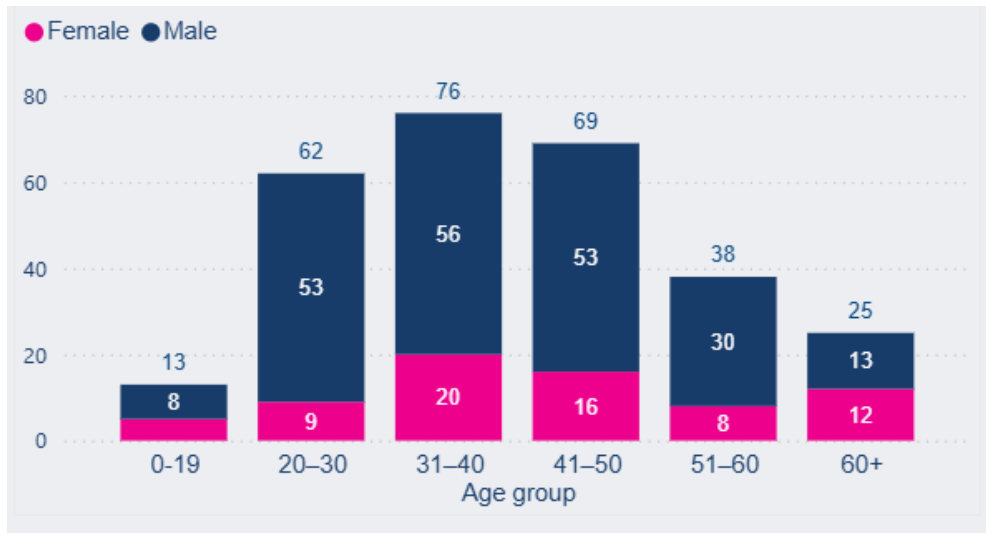
In total, **283 decisions to revoke the authorisation** for a short stay or the visa ⁽¹²⁾ were recorded in the EES in the reporting period. Below is a breakdown provided by nationality, gender and age of the third-country nationals whose stay was revoked. List by nationalities in alphabetical order is also provided in the annex.

Figure 4: Revoked authorisations for stay by nationality



⁽¹²⁾The grounds for revocation of short stay are described in the Article 19(4) of the EES Regulation

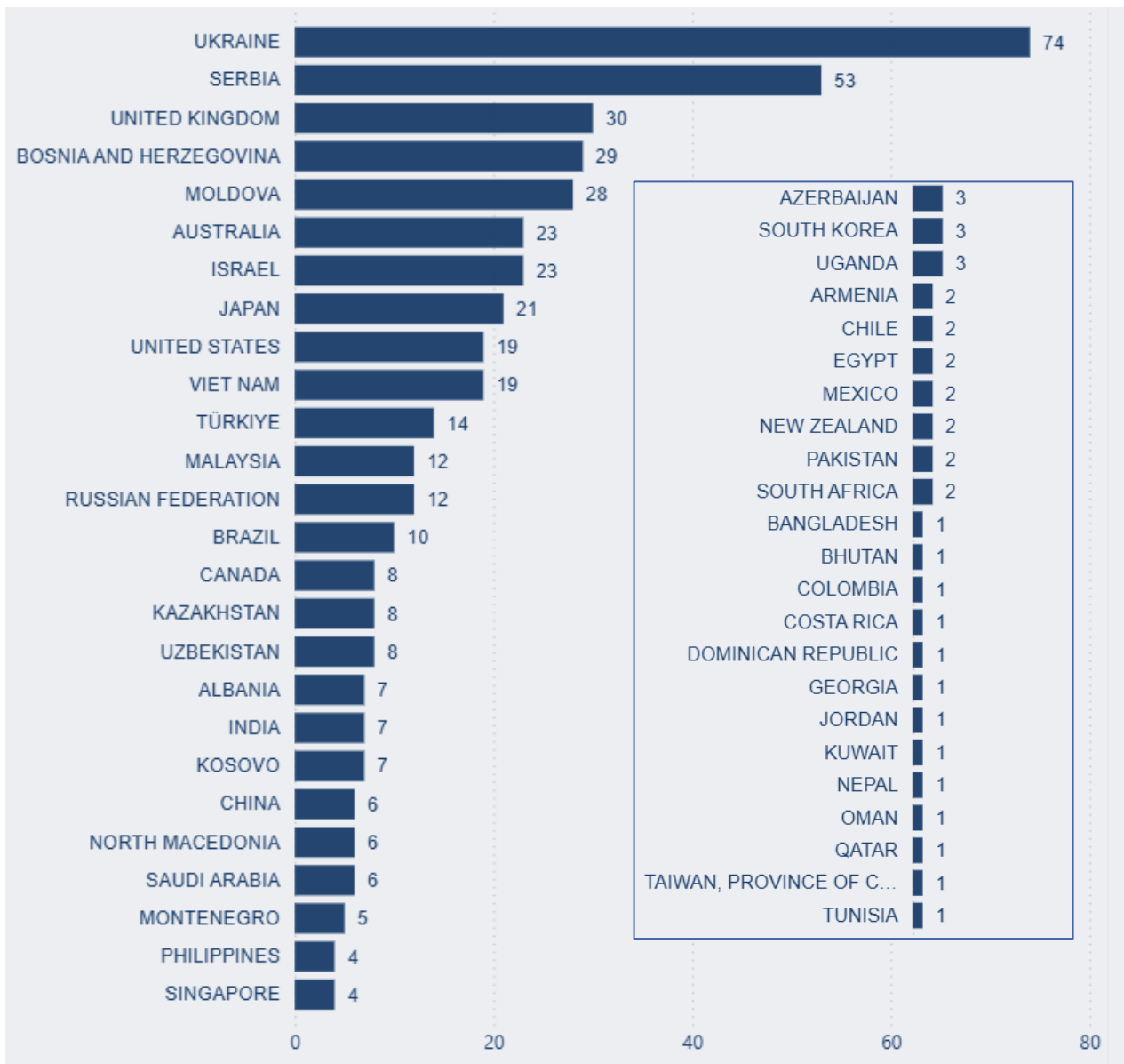
Figure 5: Revoked authorisations for stay by sex and age



5. Extended authorisations for stay

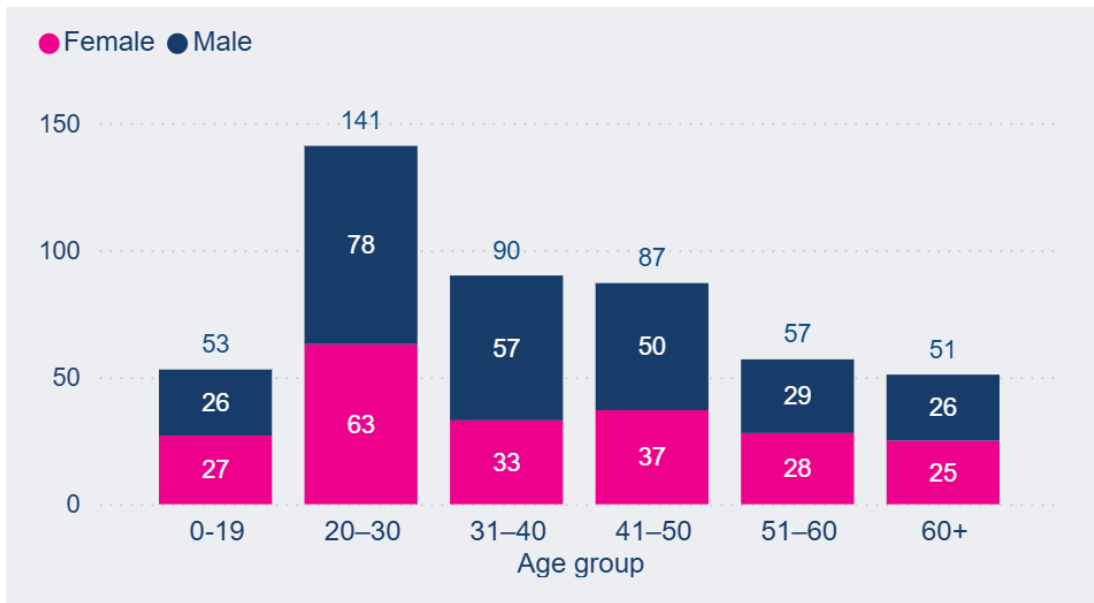
In total, **479 decisions to extend the authorisation** for stay or the visa ⁽¹³⁾ were recorded in the EES in the reporting period. Below is a breakdown provided by nationality, gender and age of the third-country nationals whose stay was extended.

Figure 6: Extended authorisations for stay by nationality



⁽¹³⁾ Duration of authorised stay can be extended in accordance with Article 20(2) of the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement

Figure 7: Extended authorisations for stay by sex and age



6. Third-country nationals exempt from giving fingerprints



In total, **492 345 third-country nationals** were exempt from giving fingerprints in the reporting period, as per Article 17(3) and 17(4) of the EES Regulation (children under the age of 12 and persons for whom fingerprinting is physically impossible).

7. ANNEX

Figure 8: Refusals of entry by nationality in alphabetical order

Nationality	Total
Afghanistan	25
Albania	968
Algeria	42
Angola	34
Antigua and Barbuda	1
Argentina	14
Armenia	18
Australia	8
Azerbaijan	27
Bahrain	2
Bangladesh	23
Belarus	84
Bolivia	9
Bosnia and Herzegovina	272
Botswana	1
Brazil	224
Burkina Faso	3
Cambodia	1
Cameroon	12
Canada	12
Cape Verde	17
Central African Republic	3
Chad	2
Chile	11
China	70
Colombia	203
Comoros	4
Congo	8
Congo, The Democratic Republic of The	16
Costa Rica	1
Côte D'ivoire	17
Cuba	3
Dominica	7
Dominican Republic	11
East Timor	5
Ecuador	24
Egypt	60
El Salvador	1
Equatorial Guinea	3
Eritrea	21
Ethiopia	4
Gambia	4
Georgia	301
Ghana	16
Guatemala	3
Guinea	13
Guinea-Bissau	13
Honduras	1
Hungary	1
India	77
Indonesia	8
Iran	39
Iraq	29
Israel	28
Japan	3
Jordan	12
Kazakhstan	23
Kenya	6
Kosovo	261
Kyrgyzstan	14
Lebanon	12
Libya	23
Madagascar	2
Malawi	1
Malaysia	3
Mali	6
Mauritania	8
Mauritius	2
Mexico	16
Moldova	606
Mongolia	2
Montenegro	20
Morocco	55
Mozambique	8
Myanmar	3
Namibia	1
Nepal	6
New Zealand	5
Nicaragua	8
Niger	2
Nigeria	28
North Macedonia	159
Pakistan	42
Palestine ¹⁴	18
Paraguay	17
Peru	45
Philippines	21
Refugee (1951 Convention)	15
Russian Federation	210
Rwanda	4
Saint Kitts and Nevis	2
Saint Lucia	4
Sao Tome and Principe	11
Saudi Arabia	13
Senegal	12
Serbia	406
Sierra Leone	1
Singapore	1
Somalia	5
South Africa	4
South Korea	9
Sri Lanka	12
Stateless (1954 Convention)	3
Sudan	6
Syria	20
Taiwan	2
Tajikistan	32
Thailand	12
North Macedonia	15
Timor-Leste	10
Togo	1
Tunisia	42
Türkiye	359
Turkmenistan	4
Uganda	1
Ukraine	2455
United Kingdom	80
United States	83
Unknown	4
Unspecified	2
Uruguay	1
Uzbekistan	29
Venezuela	27
Viet Nam	30
Yemen	7
Zimbabwe	3
Total	8180

⁽¹⁴⁾ This designation should not be construed as recognition of the State of Palestine and is without prejudice to the individual position of the reporting country on this issue.

Figure 9: Revoked authorisations to stay by nationality in alphabetical order

Nationality	Total
Albania	1
Algeria	5
Armenia	4
Azerbaijan	3
Bangladesh	2
Belarus	43
Bosnia and Herzegovina	2
Cameroon	3
China	9
Congo	2
Congo, the Democratic Republic	2
Côte D'ivoire	2
Egypt	1
Eritrea	1
Ethiopia	1
Gabon	2
India	12
Israel	2
Jordan	3
Kazakhstan	2
Kenya	1
Kuwait	1
Kyrgyzstan	2
Lebanon	2
Moldova	35
Morocco	6
Nepal	2
Niger	4
Nigeria	4
North Macedonia	2
Oman	1
Pakistan	3
Palestine	1
Philippines	3
Qatar	4
Russian Federation	29
Saudi Arabia	3
South Korea	1
Senegal	3
Serbia	2
Sri Lanka	2
Swaziland	1
Syria	1
Tunisia	2
Türkiye	36
Uganda	3
Ukraine	5
United Kingdom	3
United States	1
Uzbekistan	17
Venezuela	1
Total	283

Figure 10: Extended authorisations to stay by nationality in alphabetical order

Nationality	Total
Albania	7
Armenia	2
Australia	23
Azerbaijan	3
Bangladesh	1
Bhutan	1
Bosnia and Herzegovina	29
Brazil	10
Canada	8
Chile	2
China	6
Colombia	1
Costa Rica	1
Dominican Republic	1
Egypt	2
Georgia	1
India	7
Israel	23
Japan	21
Jordan	1
Kazakhstan	8
Kosovo	7
Kuwait	1
Malaysia	12
Mexico	2
Moldova	28
Montenegro	5
Nepal	1
New Zealand	2
North Macedonia	6
Oman	1
Pakistan	2
Philippines	4
Qatar	1
Russian Federation	12
Saudi Arabia	6
Serbia	53
Singapore	4
South Africa	2
South Korea	3
Taiwan, Province of China	1
Tunisia	1
Türkiye	14
Uganda	3
Ukraine	74
United Kingdom	30
United States	19
Uzbekistan	8
Viet Nam	19
Total	479

